

Emergency Preparedness

2017 UB Business Day





Agenda

- Hazard and Vulnerability Analysis
- Emergency Management at the University at Buffalo
- Training and Assistance Available
- Personal Preparedness
- Discussion-Based Exercise



Hazards and Vulnerabilities

Risk = Likelihood x impact

- Severe weather
- Active shooter / Campus violence
- Hazardous Materials release
- Public health disease outbreak
- Technology / communications / utility outages / cyber attack
- Transportation accident
- Facility fire
- Natural disaster / terrorism
- Local impacts of disasters elsewhere











Prioritized Planning

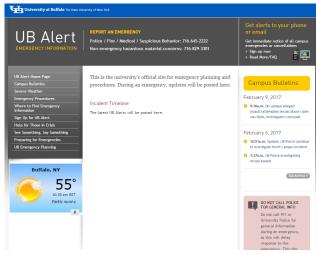


- Consequences to people, places, and data
- The hazard that has been identified as the highest risk should be planned for first
- Many emergencies and disasters have common consequences (e.g., evacuation, casualties, structural damage, etc.)
- Identify what is most critical and plan for potential disruptions



UB Emergency Management

- Current All-Hazards Emergency Plan is being revised
- Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP)
 - o University level plans
 - o Department level plans
 - o Individual level plans
- Communication / Organizational Development
- Training / Drills / Exercises
- Technical Assistance



Emergency.buffalo.edu



Training and Assistance

- UPD Active Shooter Training Presentation
- EH&S Fire, Safety, and Evacuation Training
- Emergency Management Emergency Planning Technical Assistance
 - Identify most likely hazards and vulnerabilities
 - Identify priority functions/processes, facilities, people
 - Review existing emergency plans
 - Designate points of contact
 - Identify prior training and planning efforts
 - Develop action plans
- FEMA Independent Study Courses









Personal Preparedness

Why Be Prepared?

- Emergency resources may be limited
- · Helps you and those around you respond
- Reduces fear and anxiety





Action Plan

Preparing yourself for emergencies is actually very simple:

- Get and stay informed
- Make a plan and practice it
- Build and maintain emergency and "go" kits
- Address individual and special needs

Be Red Cross Ready



Get a Kit. Make a Plan.

Be Informed.



Information

Where does emergency information come from?

- UBAlert text and email
- Law Enforcement
- Social Media careful
- Traditional media sources TV / radio
- Word of mouth rumors







Individual Preparedness Plans

Personal

- Plan to survive on your own for 72 hours
- Develop communication plans

Family

- Include everyone in your household don't forget pets!
- Make sure your family knows what to do if you are stranded at work
 Workplace
- Educate your co-workers and discuss plans for your office





Preparedness Kit



- Water
- Non-perishable food
- Copies of personal documents
- Battery or crank radio / charger
- Flashlight with extra batteries
- Medication and information
- Blankets
- Hand Sanitizer
- Cash



Maintenance

- Practice! Perform dry runs of your plans evaluate them against scenarios
- Keep the information in your plans updated as necessary
- Rotate items in preparedness kits as needed
- Make others aware of your plan and the location and contents of your kit
- Include neighbors and coworkers in your preparedness efforts
- Visit <u>www.ready.gov</u> for more ideas and information



Discussion-Based Exercise

A "normal day at UB", 2017 (A winter storm watch was issued yesterday)

- 9:00 a.m. UB Staff members arrive at work and begin their routines
- During the morning, a winter storm begins to intensify starting in southern Erie county. Warnings are issued the city of Buffalo and Northern Erie County and as much as 3 inches per hour begin to fall
- 12:30 p.m. Conditions worsen and Buffalo and the Town of Amherst issue a driving bans to allow crews to clear roadways and make travel safe.
- 3:00 p.m. Almost a foot of snow has fallen on UB campuses. UB Facilities is trying valiantly to clear roadways and walkways. The President has canceled classes and activities after 3:00 p.m.



Discussion Questions





- Questions are guides for discussion and do not have to be directly answered.
 - –Individually, how do each of you get notified of emergencies? Based on that information, how do you prepare?
 - -In this scenario, what considerations should be given if it has the potential to turn into a prolonged event?
 - -What specific plans does your department have for a response to severe weather?
 - -What critical functions must be maintained during this type of incident?



Conclusion

- Be aware of hazards, vulnerabilities, and potential consequences of emergencies
- Know what plans and resources are available at UB
- Enhance personal preparedness awareness, planning, supplies
- Test your plans through practice



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